



# Year 1 and 2 Knowledge Organiser - Rosa Parks

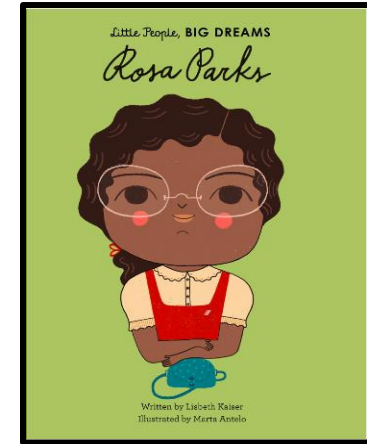
## Key vocab

Rosa Parks was an American activist who refused to give up her seat to a white male passenger on a bus in Montgomery, Alabama.



Quick summary

## Exciting books!



**activist:** a person trying to bring about change

**law:** a set of rules

**segregation:** keeping people apart because of their gender, race or religion

**significant:** important

**legacy:** something left behind after death

**boycott:** refusal to use or buy something

**Protest** Object or disagree to what someone has said or done

**Peaceful** Not involving violence

**Rights** A legal entitlement to something

## Sticky Knowledge

The law at the time said that she, as a black woman, had to sit in a different section of the bus or give her seat up to a white person.

When Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat on the bus that day, it started a huge protest and many people stopped using the buses in Montgomery.

Segregation like this was common at the time.

This boycott eventually brought about a change in the law.

Rosa Parks' brave decision, which she was arrested for, led to significant changes in the law.

Segregation on the buses was stopped. This was an important step in the civil rights movement.

Parks also received many awards including the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

1913: Born

Because of her actions, Parks became known as the 'mother of the civil rights movement' and that is her legacy.

1955: Arrested in Montgomery, Alabama

The civil rights movement in the United States began during the 1950s and was a struggle for racial equality.

1956: Law changed in Montgomery

People went on peaceful protests so that black people would be given the same rights under the law as white people.

1964: Civil Rights Act became law  
2005: Died



