



# Year 1 and 2 Knowledge Organiser - The Polar Regions

<b>Key vocab</b>		Robert Falcon Scott is significant because he was a famous explorer. He led two expeditions to Antarctica. The purpose of the expeditions was to find out more about the animals, the weather and the land of Antarctica. Scott and his fellow explorers also wanted to be the first to reach the South Pole.	
Antarctica	A continent of frozen sea and land around the South Pole	<b>Sticky Knowledge</b>	
Arctic	An area of frozen sea and land around the North Pole		
Expedition	An organised journey made for a specific reason	<b>1909:</b> Matthew Henson co-discovered the North Pole with Robert Peary.	The Norwegians and the British were in a race to reach the South Pole.
Explorer	Someone who travels to an area to discover something	<b>1911:</b> Roald Amundsen and his team won the race to the South Pole.	Amundsen reached the South Pole 33 days before Scott.
South Pole	The South Pole is the southern end of Earth's axis	<b>1912:</b> Captain Scott and his team arrived at the South Pole.	Captain Scott started the race 3 weeks after Amundsen.
North Pole	The North Pole is the northern end of Earth's axis	<b>1912:</b> Captain Scott and his team perished on their return journey.	Amundsen's team survived the trip back home from the South Pole.
discovered	found during a search	<b>2012:</b> Felicity Aston is the first person to ski unaided across Antarctica.	Captain Scott is celebrated around the world for his bravery.
perished	die in a sudden way	Captain Robert Scott was the first British explorer to reach the South Pole	Scott and his companions had a disastrous time with blizzards, gale force winds, poor clothing and little food on their journey back from the South Pole.
journey	an act of travelling from one place to another	Roald Amundsen was a Norwegian explorer and the first person to reach the South Pole	Scott's team all eventually died.

## Exciting books!

