

Design and technology Composites and components Cycle A/I

Unit:	Composite: (unit	Components
Electrical systems: Electric poster LKS2 Cycle A	Design and assemble an electric poster, including a functional simple circuit with a bulb, following a demonstration.	 Know how to carry out research based on a given topic (e.g. The Romans) to develop a range of initial ideas. Know how to generate a final design for the electric poster with consideration for the client's needs and design criteria. Know how to plan the positioning of the bulb (circuit component) and its purpose. Know how to mount the poster onto corrugated card to improve its strength and withstand the weight of the circuit on the rear. Know how to measure and mark materials out using a template or ruler. Know how to fit an electrical component (bulb). Know different ways to give the final product a higher quality finish (e.g. framing to conceal a roughly cut edge). Know how to give and accept constructive criticism on own work and the work of others Know how to test the success of initial ideas against the design criteria and justifying opinions. Know to revisit the requirements of the client to review developing design ideas and check that they fulfil their needs. Know that an electrical system is a group of parts (components) that work together to transport electricity around a circuit. Know and understand the common features of an electric product e.g. a switch, battery or plug, dials, buttons etc. Know examples of common electrical products e.g. kettle, remote control etc. Know that an electric product uses an electrical system to work (function). Know the name and appearance of a bulb, battery, battery holder and crocodile wire to build simple circuits.



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Uniti	Composite: (unit objective/objectives)	Components
Electrical systems - torches LKS2	 Describe what makes a torch successful. Create suitable designs that fit the success criteria 	 Know how to design a torch giving consideration to the target audience and create both design and success criteria focusing on features of individual design ideas. Know how to make a torch with a working electrical circuit and switch.
Cycle B	and their own design criteria. • Create a functioning torch with a switch according to their design criteria.	 Know how to use appropriate equipment to cut and attach materials. Know how to assemble a torch according to the design and success criteria. Know how to evaluate electrical products. Know how to text and evaluate the success of a final product. Know that electrical conductors are materials which electricity can pass through. Know that electrical insulators are materials which electricity cannot pass through. Know that a battery contains stored electricity that can be used to power products. Know that an electrical circuit must be complete for electricity to flow. Know that a switch can be used to complete and break an electrical circuit.



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Uniti	Composite: (unit objective/objectives)	Components
Electrical Systems:	Create a functional Doodler that	Know how to identify factors that could be changed on existing products and
Doodlers	creates scribbles on paper with or	explain how these would alter the form and function of the product.
	without a switch.	Know how to develop design criteria based on findings from investigating
UKS2		existing products.
		 Know how to develop design criteria that clarifies the target user.
Cycle A		 Know how to alter a product's form and function by tinkering with its configuration.
		 Know how to make a functional series circuit, incorporating a motor.
		Know how to construct a product with consideration for the design criteria.
		 Know how to break down the construction process into steps so that others can make the product.
		 Know how to carry out a product analysis to look at the purpose of a product along with its strengths and weaknesses.
		 Know how to determine which parts of a product affect its function and which parts affect its form.
		Know how to analyse whether changes in configuration positively or negatively affect an existing product.
		Know how to peer evaluate a set of instructions to build a product.
		 Know that, in a series circuit, electricity only flows in one direction.
		Know that when there is a break in a series circuit, all components turn off.
		Know that an electric motor converts electrical energy into rotational movement, causing the motor's axle to spin.
		Know that a motorised product is one which uses a motor to function



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Unit:	Composite: (unit objective/objectives)	Components
Electrical systems - Steady hand games UKS2 Cycle B	 Learn about skills developed through play and apply this knowledge in a survey of one or more children's toys. Identify the components of a steady hand game. Design a steady hand game of their own according to their design criteria, using four different perspective drawings. Create a secure base for their game, with neat edges, that relates to their design. Make and test a functioning circuit and assemble it within a case. 	 Know how to explain simply what is meant by 'form' (the shape of a product) and 'function' (how a product works). Be able to state what they like or dislike about an existing children's toy and why. Know about skills developed through play and apply this knowledge in a survey of one or more children's toys. Know how to identify the components of a steady hand game. Know how to design a steady hand game of their own according to their design criteria, using four different perspective drawings. Know how to create a secure base for their game, with neat edges, that relates to their design. Know how to make and test a functioning circuit and assemble it within a case. Know that 'form' means the shape and appearance of an object. Know the difference between 'form' and 'function'. Know that 'fit for purpose' means that a product works how it should and is easy to use. Know that 'form over purpose' means that a product looks good but does not work very well. Know the importance of 'form follows function' when designing: the product must be designed primarily with the function in mind. Know the diagram perspectives 'top view', 'side view' and 'back'.