



National Curriculum links:

- locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities
- understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America
- physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle
- human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity, including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water
- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

Knowledge categories:



Location



Diversity



Human features
















Diversity



Physical features



Techniques

Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5	Lesson 6	
<p>WALT: Describe the geographical location of the continent of North America and identify important locational details.</p>  <p>Location</p>	<p>WALT: Describe the diversity that is associated with the climate zones that are found in North America.</p>  <p>Diversity</p>	<p>WALT: Describe the changes in the population of North America from the 1500s to the 1600s.</p>  <p>Human features</p>	<p>WALT: identify the most and least populous cities in North America and compare them.</p>  <p>Diversity</p>	<p>WALT: locate the most significant rivers of North America and contrast their geographical locations.</p>  <p>Location</p>	<p>WALT: Describe the physical features of rivers and explain why pollution in a river affects more than one population.</p>  <p>Physical features</p>	
Lesson 7	Lesson 8	Lesson 9	Lesson 10	Lesson 11	Lesson 12	Lesson 13
<p>WALT: Describe the nature of a topographic map and explain why it is useful</p>  <p>Techniques</p>	<p>WALT: Explain how mountains are formed by the movement of tectonic plates and know how the Rocky Mountain chain formed.</p>  <p>Physical features</p>	<p>WALT: describe the geographical location of South America and South American countries.</p>  <p>Location</p>	<p>WALT: identify and explain some of the geographical diversity in South America</p>  <p>Diversity</p>	<p>WALT: describe population density and compare population information in South America.</p>  <p>Diversity</p>	<p>WALT: explain what a tributary and river basin is and identify physical features of South America's 3 main river basins.</p>  <p>Physical features</p>	<p>WALT: Locate the geographical location of South America's major mountain ranges.</p>  <p>Location</p>